

**UNIT 2: NOUN – QUANTITY – PRONOUN – ARTICLES**

**A Nouns**

Choose the right answer:

- 1 We live in a world filled with high-tech gadget/gadgets.
- 2 Email is a highly effective mean/means of communication.
- 3 They are planning to undertake a/an/x research into the causes of the disease.
- 4 According to recent study/studies, women still get paid a lot less than men. However, there is a/an/x new study indicating the opposite.
- 5 The goods that you have ordered is/are now out of stock.
- 6 Traffic congestion in many big cities is/are thought to result from the increase in private cars.
- 7 Statistics is/are a branch of mathematics.
- 8 Unfortunately, he provided me with a/an/x superfluous piece of information.
- 9 Nothing can travel faster than light/lights.
- 10 I think he's at home because there are some light/lights on in the house.

Noun		
Countable [C]		Uncountable [U]
Singular	Plural	
(1)		
(2)		
(4)		(3)
	(5)	(6)
		(7)
		(8)

Both [C] and [U], depending on their meaning	
[C]	[U]
- (9):	- (10):

**B Quantifiers**

**some vs. any vs. no/most/all**

- 1 There are some traffic lights at the end of the road.
- 2 There's some pasta on the table.
- 3 The dog doesn't want any biscuits.
- 4 They haven't got any money.
- 5 Are there any cinemas in your hometown?
- 6 Do you need any help?
- 7 Most people here have no free time at the weekend.

**a few vs a little**

- 8.1 Sam works very hard and has little time for his friends.
- 8.2 I have a little time this evening. I can help you with your homework then.
- 9.1 I went to the cinema with a few friends.
- 9.2 Few friends wanted to come to the cinema with me. It was a shame.

**much, many, a lot of**

- 10 French people don't drink much tea.
- 11 Are there many pedestrian crossings in the town centre?
- 12 Bill Gates has got a lot of money.
- 13 There are a lot of high-rise buildings in Tokyo.

**each/every**

- 14 I go to school every day except Sunday.

**another/the other/other**

- 15 I have **three** foreign friends. **One** (friend) is Taiwanese; **another** (friend) is Korean; **the other** (friend) is Japanese.

Dựa vào các ví dụ trên, hoàn thành bảng sau:

Quantifiers	[C]		[U]	* Note
	singular	plural		
some		✓ (1)	✓ (2)	câu khẳng định
any		✓ (3)	✓ (4)	câu phủ định, câu hỏi (5), (6)
no/most/all				
a few vs. few				- Few:  - A few:
a little vs. little				- a little:  - little:
much				
many				
a lot of				
each/every				
the other				
another				

## C Pronouns

Personal Pronouns		Possessive Adj.	Possessive Pron.	Reflexive Pron.	Indefinite Pron. (đại từ bất định)
Subject (S + V)	Object (V + O)				
I	me	my	mine	myself	- <u>Any</u> body... - <u>no</u> one, none,... - <u>every</u> thing,... - <u>some</u> thing...
You	you	your	yours	yourself/ yourselves	
He	him	his	his	himself	
She	her	her	hers	herself	
It	it	its (+noun)	its <b>own</b>	itself	
We	us	our	ours	ourselves	
They	them	their	theirs	themselves	
One	one	one's (+noun)	one's <b>own</b>	oneself	

1. **Đại từ sở hữu = Tính từ sở hữu + Danh từ:**

VD: Your solution is more practical than **my solution/mine**.

2. **Dùng đại từ phản thân: Khi S và O chỉ cùng một người/vật:**

VD: **She forced herself** not to think about her exams during the holiday.

3. **Dùng đại từ bất định** khi không nói chính xác đối tượng

VD: **Everybody** wanted to go on a guided tour around that secluded village.

4. **Noun phrase + of + possessive pronoun**

VD: Martin is **a friend of mine**. He's gone to pick up **a cousin of his** at the station.

**D. SUBJECT – VERB AGREEMENT [SỰ HÒA HỢP GIỮA CHỦ NGỮ VÀ ĐỘNG TỪ]**

**1. Danh từ có hình thức số nhiều & nghĩa số ít/không đếm được + verb**

VD:

- The news of the latest Covid-19 outbreaks *shock/shocks* everyone.
- Measles *is/are* potentially a very serious illness.

**2. Danh từ có hình thức số nhiều & nghĩa số nhiều + verb**

VD: Perishable goods *is/are* transported in refrigerated trucks.

**3. Cụm danh từ chỉ số lượng**

\* Cần chú ý về nghĩa để chia động từ:

- Two weeks *is/are* too short for a summer holiday.
- The two students *is/are* discussing the destination for their summer holiday.

**4. Đại từ bất định + verb**

- Anybody that *is/are* infected \_\_\_\_\_ the Covid-19 virus will experience mild to moderate respiratory illness.  
(\*be infected \_\_\_ sth: ...)

**5. A large amount of, a great deal of / a large number of / A lot of - lots of, plenty of...**

- **A large amount of / A great deal of** + noun [ \_\_\_\_\_ ] + verb \_\_\_\_\_

VD: A great deal of money *has/have* gone into the containment of the Covid-19 pandemic.

\*go into:...

A large amount of air pollution *has/have* been caused by automobiles in the city centre.

- **A (large/great) number of** + noun [ \_\_\_\_\_ ] + verb \_\_\_\_\_

VD: A great number of Covid-19 patients *is/are* treated at home.

- **“a number”** vs. **“the number”**

+ **The number of** + noun [ \_\_\_\_\_ ] + verb \_\_\_\_\_

VD: The number of Covid-19 patients treated at home *is/are* increasing over the last few months.

- **A lot of / Lots of / Plenty of:**

+ noun [ \_\_\_\_\_ ] + verb \_\_\_\_\_

+ noun [ \_\_\_\_\_ ] + verb \_\_\_\_\_

VD: A lot of Covid-19 patients *shows/show* no symptoms.

Lots of Covid-19 related fake news *creates/create* significant public confusion about the current situation.