

PART 2 GRAMMAR

A CỤM TỪ VÀ MỆNH ĐỀ CHỈ KẾT QUẢ (PHRASES AND CLAUSES OF RESULT)

1 Combine the following sentences using "too" or "enough".

KEY

1. This milk is too hot for the child to drink **it**.
2. That door is too narrow for them to put the piano **through**.
3. It's too late for us to go to the movie theater.
4. I was too sleepy to finish my homework last night.
5. That chair isn't strong enough (for you) to **stand on**.
6. That coat isn't warm enough for you to wear in winter.
7. He isn't experienced enough to do the job.
8. The picture is too heavy for me to hang **it on the wall**.
9. He reached the station too late to catch train.
10. This bed isn't wide enough for two people to sleep **in it**.

2 Circle the correct word or phrase.

KEY

1. I don't think there's **enough pizza** for everyone.
2. I'm afraid you're not **old enough** to see this film.
3. Luckily, we got to the box office **early enough** and got the tickets.
4. Anne's **sensible enough** to realise she needs to work hard this year.
5. If you don't train **hard enough**, you'll never win the race.
6. Have you got **enough credits** to call Yiota on your mobile?
7. It should be **warm enough** for a picnic this weekend.
8. I don't think I'm good enough **to get** into the swimming team.
9. Are you sure you've got enough chairs for **us all to sit down**?
10. In mountaineering, you have to be strong enough **to pull** yourself up with your fingers.

3 Rewrite each sentence using "so... that...".

KEY

1. John is **so tall that** he can see over the wall.
2. My sister is **so clever that** I'm sure she will go to university
3. This computer game is **so good that** I can't stop playing (**it**).
4. Tim has **so much work to do that** he can't come out.
5. It's **so hot that** I can't sleep.
6. Tina arrived **so late that** she missed the train.
7. We have **so many bills to pay that** we don't have any money for luxuries.
We have **such a lot of bills to pay** that we don't have any money for luxuries.
8. Australia is **so far away that** it takes a day to get there.

4 Combine the following sentences using "such... that...".

1. She had **such a sore throat** that she could hardly speak.
2. He had **such a soft voice that** we could hardly hear it.
3. She's **such a shy girl** that she can't talk to any stranger.
4. It was **such a terrible accident** that I became afraid of going out.
5. It was **such a narrow road** that it is difficult for two cars to pass each other.
6. It was **such strong wind** that we couldn't walk.
7. It was **such delicious food** that I ate much more than I used to.
8. It was **such an interesting lecture** that I wanted to listen again.
9. He has got **such big feet** that he has difficulty in finding shoes to fit him.
10. It was **such a comfortable room** that we fell asleep easily.

5 Rewrite the following sentences

KEY

1. The snowfall was so heavy that all the trains had to be cancelled.
So heavy was the snowfall that all the trains had to be cancelled
2. There was **so much** uncertainty that the financial markets remained closed.
Such was the uncertainty that the financial markets remained closed.
(Chú ý của phần "Such...that...")
3. The response to our appeal was **so great** that we **had** to take on more staff.
Such was the response to our appeal that we had to take on more staff.
(Chú ý của phần "Such...that...") - **take on sb (v.) : to employ sb**
4. The weather **was** so beautiful that we decided to go to the beach.
So beautiful was the weather that we decided to go to the beach.
5. He is so strong that he can lift the box.
So strong is he that he can lift the box.
6. He is such a lazy boy that no one likes him.
So lazy is the boy that no one likes him.
7. He ate so much food that he became ill.
So much food did he eat that he became ill.
8. It is such hot coffee that I can't drink it.
Such hot coffee is it that I can't drink it.
9. He bought so many books that he didn't know where to put them.
So many books did he buy that he didn't know where to put them.
10. [She has] [**such a soft voice**] that everyone likes her.
Such a soft voice does she have that everyone likes her.
11. This book **was** so boring that I couldn't finish it
So boring was this book that I couldn't finish it.
12. He was such a fast speaker that we couldn't understand him.
So fast did he speak that we couldn't understand him.
Such a fast speaker was he that we couldn't understand him.
13. She was so tired that she fell asleep in the armchair.
So tired was she that she fell asleep in the armchair.
14. It was such a foggy day that we couldn't see the road.
Such a foggy day was it that we couldn't see the road.
15. This tea is so good that I'll have another cup.
So good is this tea that I'll have another cup.

6 Choose the correct answer.

KEY

1. It was _____ windy that I couldn't stand up!
A. so B. such C. enough D. too
2. Everyone had _____ a good time when we went bowling that we agreed to go again.
A. so B. such C. enough D. too
3. Emma and Karen used to be _____ good friends that I'm surprised they don't get on now.
A. so B. such C. enough D. too
4. I hope I've got _____ money to pay for this meal!
A. so B. such C. enough D. too
5. I'm sorry, but I've got _____ much work to do to come to the beach today.
A. so B. such C. enough D. too
6. My mum was _____ angry that I knew I'd better disappear for a while.
A. so B. such C. enough D. too
7. They were _____ beautiful shoes that I decided I had to get them.
A. so B. such C. enough D. too
8. The earthquake was _____ powerful that the town was destroyed.

- A. so** B. such C. enough D. too
9. The shot was _____ quick for the goalkeeper and the ball hit the back of the net.
A. so B. such C. enough **D. too**
10. I had _____ a bad headache that I went to lie down for a while.
A. so **B. such** C. enough D. too

*** Sửa ở lớp:**

- 1 **Combine the following sentences using "too" or "enough".**
5 Don't stand on that chair. It's not strong enough.
- 3 **Rewrite each sentence using "so... that...".**
3 I can't stop playing this computer game because it's good.
7 We don't have any money for luxuries because we have a lot of bills to pay.
- 5 **Rewrite the following sentences**
2 There was so much uncertainty that the financial markets remained closed -> Such _____.
3 The response to our appeal was so great that we had to take on more staff. -> Such _____.
10 She has such a soft voice that everyone likes her. -> Such _____.
12 He was such a fast speaker that we couldn't understand him. -> So _____.
- 4 **Combine the following sentences using "such... that...".**
5 The road is narrow. It is difficult for two cars to pass each other. **Viết được 9 cách**

B. CỤM TỪ VÀ MỆNH ĐỀ CHỈ MỤC ĐÍCH (PHRASES AND CLAUSES OF PURPOSE)

- 1 **Combine the following sentences using "so that, so as (not) to, in order (not) to".**

KEY

1. **He** sent me to Spain **(in order) for me to learn** Spanish.
He sent me to Spain **so that I learned/ I could learn** Spanish (*chủ ngữ khác nhau*).
I was sent to Spain in order to learn Spanish.
2. He rushed into the burning house **in order to save/ so as to save/ to save** the child.
3. He rang the bell **in order to tell/ so as to tell/ to tell** us that the dinner was ready.
4. They got up very early **in order to get/ so as to get/ to get** to the top of the hill before sunrise.
5. He read only for short period each day **so as not to/ in order not to/ to not** strain his eyes.
6. He coughed **in order to warn/ so as to warn/ to warn** them that he was coming.
7. They employed a detective **so as to learn/ in order to learn/ to learn** what I did in the evening.
8. I took off my shoes **in order not to/ so as not to/ to not** make any noise.
9. He invented a wife and six children **so as to avoid/ in order to avoid/ to avoid** paying **income tax**.
10. He was playing softly **in order not to/ so as not to/ to not** disturb anyone.

- 2 **A purpose clause introduced by "So that" can sometime be replaced by "prevent/avoid + V-ing" or "allow/enable/ let/ make etc + infinitive" or "in case/lest"**

Suggested Key (Đáp án gợi ý – Có thể viết khác)

1. They talked in whispers **in order to avoid being overheard**.
2. Please shut the gate **in case the cow gets out of the field**.
3. I am putting the nets over my strawberry plants **(in order) to prevent the birds (from) eating** all the strawberries.
4. They closed the door **in order to avoid being disturbed**.
5. He wore false beard **in order to avoid being recognized**.
6. She built a high wall around her garden **in order to prevent her fruit (from) being stolen**.
7. Aeroplanes carry parachutes **in order to enable the crew to escape in case of fire**.
8. I am insuring my life **in order to let my children have something to live on** in case I'm killed/lest I be killed.
- live on sth (v.) : sống nhờ vào sth
9. Write your name in the book **in case he forgets** who lent it to him.
10. The police man stopped the traffic every few minutes **in order to enable the pedestrians to cross** the road.
11. I put my address on my dog's collar **to let anyone** who finds him **know** where he comes from.
12. You should carry a **jack** in your car **in case you have a puncture**.
13. Don't put any more **coal** **in case the chimney catches/may catch fire**.
14. The burglar cut the telephone wires **in order to prevent me (from) calling** the police.

15. The notices are written in several languages **in order to make everyone** understand them.
 16. He telephoned from a **public call - box** **to prevent the call (from) being traced** to his own address.

C CỤM TỪ VÀ MỆNH ĐỂ CHỈ NGUYÊN NHÂN/ LÝ DO (PHRASES AND CLAUSES OF CAUSE/REASON)

1 Rewrite the following sentences reducing the subordinate clause into phrase with "as".

* Note: Dùng "as + noun" để nói về công việc (job), trách nhiệm (duty), công dụng (use), của sb/sth

KEY

- As having nothing better to do**, we watched television the whole evening.
- As a monitor**, Nam had to help the newcomers.
- As a good teacher**, Miss. White often explains the lesson clearly.
- As the director of the company**, Mr. David constantly takes care of workers' life.
- As the mother of the only son**, she loves her son very much.
- As a correspondent**, he could come everywhere very fast.
- As a patriot**, he devoted his life to his country.

2 Rewrite the following sentences by using "because".

KEY

- He couldn't meet you **because/as/since he was busy**.
- Nobody can do the test **because/as/since it is difficult**.
- Two cars can't pass each other **because/as/since the road is narrow**.
- Nam drank a lot **because/as/since he was very thirsty**.
- He can't go to school today **because/as/since he has a toothache/ toothaches**.
- We spent the whole day in the garden **because/as/since the weather was lovely**.
- I can't play basketball **because/as/since I'm short**.
- We can't swim in this part of the river **because/as/since the water is highly polluted**.
- We stayed home **because/as/since the weather was cold**.
- Most people begin to jog **because/as/since they hear jogging is a good exercise**.
- People like to live in this country **because/as/since the climate is healthy**.
- Because/as/since a computer can be used for various purposes**, it becomes very popular nowadays.
- Stacey retired in 1987 **because/as/since she was ill**.
- We were late for the meeting **because/as/since the traffic was heavy**.
- Harry had to stay in hospital **because/as/since he had broken his leg/ because/as/since his leg was broken**.
- Because/as/since our leader couldn't attend the meeting**, it was canceled.
- The young couple decided not to buy the house **because/as/since the condition was dilapidated**.
The young couple decided not to buy the house **because/as/since the house was in dilapidated conditions**.
- Because/as/since I always enjoyed mathematics in high school**, I decided to **major in it** in college.
- major in sth (v.) : chuyên môn về ngành, lĩnh vực gì

3 Rewrite the following sentences by using "because of".

KEY

- She can't work hard **because of her (old) age./ because of being old**.
- He likes her **because of her beauty**.
- He couldn't go to school **because of his poverty**.
- I can't buy this book **because of not having enough money. /because of the lack of money**.
- He broke the vase **because of his carelessness**.
- He failed the exam **because of not learning the lesson carefully**.
- We can't go for a walk **because of the heavy rain**.
- He left school **because of his hard life**.
- She was very happy **because of (being given) a new bike**.
- I went to bed early **because of my tiredness**.
- Jim had to give up jogging **because of his severely sprained ankle**.
- The water in most rivers is unsafe to drink **because of its pollution**.

13. We had to stay in London an extra day **because of the fog at the airport.**
14. Bill has to do all of the cooking and cleaning **because of his wife's illness.**
15. We all have received the best of everything **because of our parents' generosity.**
16. I couldn't get to sleep last night **because of the noise** in the next apartment.
17. John has to sit in the front row in class **because of his poor eyesight.**
18. We stopped our car **because of the red traffic lights.**
19. She couldn't see the road **because of the high wall.**
20. We postponed our trip **because of the bad driving conditions.**
21. Sarah won't walk across a bridge **because of her fear of heights.**
22. Mark's doctor has advised him to exercise regularly **because of his obesity.**

D CỤM TỪ VÀ MỆNH ĐỀ CHỈ SỰ NHƯỢNG BỘ (PHRASES AND CLAUSES OF CONCESSION)

1 Rewrite the following sentences with the words given.

KEY

1. **Despite studying well**, Tom will not pass the exam.
2. **In spite of his broken leg**, he managed to get out of the car.
3. **Although he had good salary**, he was unhappy in his job.
4. **Despite the (play's) good notice**, not many people went to see the play.
5. **Although he is old**, he runs seven miles before breakfast.
6. **In spite of playing well, they lost.**
/ **In spite of the (team's) good performance**, they lost.
7. **Despite her injured ankle**, Esther still won the tennis match.
8. **Though the weather is bad**, the pilot will bring the plane down safely.
9. **Although the salary was low**, he decided to accept the job.
10. **Although I had planned carefully**, a lot of thing went wrong.
Although my plan was detailed/good,...
(A master plan/ a detailed plan/ a good plan/...)
11. **Though life is short**, we still waste a lot of time.
12. **No matter how strong you are**, you can't lift this heavy box.
13. **Poor as/though I am**, I'll not serve a **villain**.
14. **However much I pay him**, this man is never satisfied.
15. **Although it rained/it was raining**, we went out.
16. **Busy as/though she was**, she managed to find the time to proofread for me.
17. **However long it takes**, I'll find that man.
18. **No matter how old she is**, I will marry her.

2 Rewrite the following sentences:

KEY

1. **No matter how rich they are**, they aren't happy.
2. **However small it is**, I'd rather have a room of my own.
3. **No matter how good his jobs were**, he was not satisfied.
No matter how good the jobs [(which/that) he got] were, he was not satisfied.
No matter how + adj + S + V,
No matter what good jobs he got, he was not satisfied.
No matter what (+ noun) + S + V,
4. **Whatever job you (should) do**, you should do it **devotedly**.
5. **Whoever gains the most points wins the competition.**
[Whoever + verb + verb | = Any person that + verb + verb]
6. **Whatever kinds of exercise he had taken**, he got fatter and fatter.
7. **No matter where he lived**, he always thought of his homeland.
8. **Whenever it rains**, my roof leaks.

9. **No matter what he says**, don't trust him.
10. **Whatever difficulties you encounter**, you should study hard.
11. **No matter how intelligent she is**, she can't answer my question.
12. **However badly he behaved**, she would still love him.
13. **Whatever nonsense the papers print**, some people always believe it.
14. **No matter where he has gone**, I'll find him.
15. **However late it is**, phone me when you arrive.

3 Rewrite the following sentences:

KEY

1. I enjoyed the film **in spite of the silly story**.
2. We hardly ever see each other **despite living in the same street**.
3. **Although my foot was injured**, I managed to walk to the nearest village.
4. **In spite of having very little money**, they are happy.
5. **Even though I had an umbrella**, I got very wet in the rain.
6. I couldn't sleep **despite feeling/being tired**.
7. **Though he liked the sweater**, he decided not to buy it.
8. I didn't get the job **in spite of (having) all the necessary qualifications**.
9. **Although Nick used to smoke**, he seems to be in good health.
10. It was still hot in the room **even though I had turned on the air conditioner**.
11. Laura wants to fly **in spite of the fact (that) she feels afraid**.
12. Trevor didn't notice the sign **even though it was right in front of him**.
13. I'm no better **despite the fact (that) I've taken the pills**.
14. Matthew doesn't know any French **though it was one of his school subjects**.
15. **Despite (being) a millionaire**, Henry's friend hates spending money.
16. We couldn't get tickets **in spite of queuing for an hour**.
17. **Although I'd met her twice before**, I didn't recognize her.
18. Laura felt unwell; **in spite of this**, she went on working.
In spite of (her) feeling unwell, Laura went on working.
19. **Even though I told the absolute truth**, no one would believe me.
20. **Despite the promise (which/that) we had received**, the goods were never delivered.

4 Complete using although, despite, however or while.

1. **DESPITE** the storm, over ten thousand people took part in the marathon.
2. **ALTHOUGH** I wrote myself a note to remind me, I still forgot to call George tonight.
3. Most Egyptologists believe that the Sphinx is about 4000 years old. Some geologists, **HOWEVER**, argue that it must be at least 14,000 years old.
4. **DESPITE** having taken two aspirin, I had such a bad headache that I had to go home.
5. I've never seen a UFO. **HOWEVER**, that doesn't mean that I don't believe in them.
6. There are still two million people unemployed **DESPITE** the fact that we're in the middle of an economic boom.
7. **ALTHOUGH/While** no European country carries out capital punishment, it is widely used throughout the United States.
8. Technology has benefited humankind enormously. There are drawbacks with our reliance on technology, **HOWEVER**.
9. I couldn't find my keys **DESPITE** searching for them everywhere.

5 Complete each second sentence using the word given, so that it has a similar meaning to the first sentence. Write between two and five words in each gap.

KEY

1. Although he was exhausted, Mike kept on climbing.

In **SPITE OF THE FACT THAT** he was exhausted, Mike kept on climbing. (**FACT**)

2. Sally had been sure she would win the music competition. She came third, however.

Despite **HAVING BEEN SURE THAT SHE** would win the music competition, Sally came third. (**BEEN**)

3. Doug wasn't shortlisted for the job even though he had a great CV.

Doug wasn't shortlisted for the job **IN SPITE OF (HIS) (HAVING)** a great CV. (**SPITE**)

4. Planes can still take off and land but ferries have been cancelled.

Ferries have been cancelled, **WHEREAS PLANES ARE STILL** able to take off and land. (**WHEREAS**)

5. Despite having got a good degree, Sandra couldn't find a well-paid job.

Sandra couldn't find a well-paid job **EVEN THOUGH SHE HAD GOT** a good degree. (**EVEN**)

6. Even though he'd been robbed twice, Red still enjoyed living in the city.

Red still enjoyed living in the city **DESPITE HAVING BEEN ROBBED** twice. (**HAVING**)

7. It's a great film despite the plot being a little complicated.

It's a great film, (**EVEN**) **THOUGH THE PLOT IS** a little complicated. (**THOUGH**)

8. Despite looking everywhere, the kids failed to find the tennis ball.

The kids failed to find the tennis ball **ALTHOUGH THEY (HAD) LOOKED** everywhere. (**ALTHOUGH**)

9. Pat really enjoyed the match even though she was beaten.

In **SPITE OF BEING BEATEN**, Pat really enjoyed the match. (**OF**),

10. Despite their thorough investigation of the case, the police didn't manage to catch the culprit.

Despite **HAVING INVESTIGATED THE CASE THOROUGHLY**, the police didn't manage to catch the culprit. (**INVESTIGATED**)